

## CONDITIONS IN BERLIN NORMAL

Berlin, Germany, Jan. 17.—Conditions in Berlin are now normal. Twenty-six radical labor agitators, members of the Independent and Communist groups, were arrested today charged with complicity in the rioting of Tuesday.

## COUNT SENTENCED TO DEATH FOR EISNER'S ASSASSINATION

Munich, Bavaria, Jan. 17.—Count Arco Valley was sentenced to death yesterday for the assassination of Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian premier, at Munich, February 21, 1919.

## PAUL DESCHANEL ELECTED PRESIDENT OF FRANCE

Paris, France, Jan. 17.—Paul Deschanel was elected president of France today, receiving 554 votes out of 707.

## May Call Clemenceau "Savior of the Country"

Paris, France, Jan. 17.—A number of the senators and deputies are circulating among the members of parliament a resolution to confer upon premier Clemenceau the title of "Savior of the Country." It is proposed to pass an enabling act to make this title official.

## UNIFIED SOCIALISTS NOT TO OPPOSE PAUL DESCHANEL

Paris, France, Jan. 17.—The unified Socialists held a meeting this morning to discuss the feasibility of opposing a purely Socialist candidate for the presidency of France. By a vote of 27 to 18, however, the group decided not to put forth a candidate in opposition to Paul Deschanel.

## THE BLACK AND WHITE BEAUTY TREATMENT

Clears the complexion, removes pimples and unsightly skin blemishes.

What would you spend if you could be assured that beauty specialists would be able to clear your complexion, make your rough, pimply, blotchy face, hands, neck and throat soft, smooth and lovely?

Long ago realizing the need of a preparation that would restore the complexion to its youthful rosy tint, remove unsightly skin blemishes, beauty and skin specialists were put to work to perfect a home treatment to clear the skin of pimples, liver spots, freckles and other imperfections. After many tests and much experimentation, Black and White Ointment was offered the public. This creamy application is generally applied before retiring and when used in connection with Black and White Beauty Soap, satisfactory results are guaranteed.

Go to your nearest drug store today and buy the complete "Treatment of Ointment and Soap for only 50c. If you cannot find it, accept no substitute but send direct to the manufacturer.

A sample literature and Black and White Birthday and Dream Book Free if you will clip this advertisement and mail to Black and White, Box 315, Memphis, Tenn.

## BLACK AND WHITE OINTMENT

Removes skin blemishes

W. A. HARRIS, President  
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## EL PASO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

"CITY CLEARING HOUSE FOR INDUSTRY, COMMERCE AND CIVICS"

E. M. ROBERTS, General Manager  
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EL PASO, TEXAS.

Jan. 13, 1920

Whereas, the Boy Scouts (El Paso Council) has fully

complied with the rules and regulations laid down by the

Endorsement Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, has

presented a proper audit of its receipts and disbursements

for its last fiscal year and has submitted its budget

and work program for funds requested: therefore, the

Endorsement Committee endorses the budget campaign of the

Boy Scouts for the sum of \$15,000 to be conducted Jan. 20

to Jan. 26, 1920. Chamber of Commerce members and

citizens of El Paso are asked to support the Boy Scouts

campaign according to their means.

*W. A. Harris*

Chairman Endorsement Committee

*W. A. Harris*

President Chamber of Commerce

The committee is canvassing for \$17,000, as this will guard against the usual shrinkage in

collections from such a fund. The campaign for funds starts next Tuesday. Be ready to

give when the committee calls.

## SIS TOED TO WATCH BRITAIN

(Continued from page 1.)

able to commanding officers who lost ships, senator Pittman read a letter from Admiral Graves, who commanded the cruiser and transport service during the war, highly commending Capt. Graham of the transport Finland which was torpedoed but saved, and recommending him for a distinguished service medal. Senator Pittman said this letter and others proved that some naval officers did not agree with Admiral Sims.

Admiral Sims's letter said the following "grave errors" were committed by the navy department in "violation of the fundamental military principles":

"Although war with Germany had been imminent for many months prior to its declaration, there was nevertheless no mature plan developed or navy policy adopted in preparation for war in so far as the commander in Europe was informed."

"The navy department announced a policy until three months after war was declared—at least not to its representative and the commander of the forces in Europe."

"Strain on Morale."—"The navy department did not enter wholeheartedly into the campaign for many months after we declared war, thus putting a great strain upon the morale of the fighting forces in the war area by decreasing their confidence in their leaders."

"The outbreak of hostilities found many important naval units widely dispersed and in need of repairs before they could be sent to the critical area. Destroyers arriving for the first time after the war were extensively off our seaboard and in the Caribbean and when war was declared, were rushed through a brief and inadequate preparation for distant service."

"During the most critical moments of the campaign against the allied lines of communication the department violated the fundamental strategic principle of concentration of maximum force in the critical area of the conflict."

"The department's representative with the allied admiralty was not supported during the most critical months of the war, either by the adequate personnel or by the adequate forces that could have been supplied."

Commanders Not Consulted.

"The department's commander in the critical area of the campaign never allowed to select his principal subordinates and was not even consulted as to the assignment of the command in the critical area of the campaign."

"The navy department made and executed campaign operations that were being conducted 2000 miles away when conditions were such that full information could not have been in its possession, thus violating an essential principle of warfare that some decisions should be made by the commander in the field."

"Instead of relying upon the judgment of those who had had actual war experience in this peculiar warfare, the navy department, though lacking not only this experience, but also lacking the information concerning it, insisted upon a number of plans that could not be carried out."

"Many of the department's actions so strongly implied a conviction that it was the most competent to make decisions concerning operations in the war zone that the result was an impression that it lacked confidence in the judgment of its representatives on the council of the allies and its responsible commander in the field."

"It is a fundamental principle that every action on the part of superior authorities should indicate confidence in subordinates. If such confidence is lacking it should immediately be restored by ruthlessly changing the subordinate."

Disastrous Influence.

"To interfere with the commander in the field or aloft is one of the most common temptations to the government and is generally disastrous. The navy department did not resist this temptation and its frequent violation of this principle was the most dangerous error committed during the naval war."

The admiral also read a letter

## U.S. TO PROBE ARMY 'SOVIET'

(Continued from page 1.)

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 17.—Preparations for carrying into effect orders of federal judge John C. Follock, that a "sweeping and comprehensive" investigation be made into conditions at the federal disciplinary barracks at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., were begun today by Fred Robertson, United States district court attorney for Kansas.

Mr. Robertson said he expected to go fully into charges made yesterday at the trial in Kansas City, Kan., of 13 former inmates of the barracks that for several months in 1919 the institution was governed by a "soviet" committee of prisoners and that their regime, sanctioned by the officer who was warden at the time, developed into a "reign of terror," during which crime flourished and prisoners were openly mistreated.

WEST POINT MAKES CHANGE  
IN ENTRANCE PROCEDURE

A change in entrance procedure at West Point has been made by the war department, whereby a candidate at high school may enter the institution a year earlier than heretofore, according to information reaching El Paso.

Under the new plan, a candidate may present at West Point at the age of 17, instead of 18, and if this is satisfactory, he is accepted tentatively. On his graduation from school, he presents his diploma and school record, and if accepted, enters the military school the following fall. Heretofore a student had to wait until graduating from school.

SEVERAL OFFICERS ORDERED  
TO REPORT TO FORT BLISS

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—Major John Kennard is ordered to Fort Bliss to the Seventh Cavalry; Capt. Willard S. Washburn is ordered to Camp Furlong, 11th Cavalry; chaplain Lawrence B. Wain is ordered to Fort Bliss, Seventh Cavalry; 1st Lieut. George S. Warren is ordered to Fort Bliss, Eighth Cavalry; 1st Lieut. James C. Strobel is ordered to Fort Bliss, Eighth Cavalry; 1st Lieut. Harry Leslie Ross, medical corps is honorably discharged at Fort Bliss; 1st Lieut. Martin, Quartermaster corps, is ordered from Camp Custer to Fort Bliss.

ASKS \$15,000 TO BUY  
AIRPLANES AND MOTORS

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—Representative E. A. Tamm, Republican, has introduced a bill to authorize the purchase of surplus funds for airplanes and motors would be authorized by a bill introduced by the house chairman of the military affairs committee. The measure is designed to carry out the request made by secretary Baker to Congress at the special session that sufficient appropriations be made to keep alive the war-created airplane industry.

ADMIRAL VINCENT JELLOGUE  
CANCELS VISIT TO BRAZIL

Rio Janeiro, Brazil, Jan. 17.—Admiral Vincent Jellogue has received an urgent call to England, and for that reason has canceled his visit to Brazil and Argentina.

This announcement was made by the ministry of marine today following receipt of a message from the admiral.

He wrote to commander D. W. Bagley, expressing great regret that secretary Daniels should have been so badly advised in this matter of awarding a distinguished service medal to commander Bagley.

Admiral Sims told the committee he wrote this letter after he had written secretary Daniels criticizing the circumstances of some of the awards.

JUAREZ GUARDS SEIZE  
35 KILOS OF BULLION

Juarez fiscal guards seized 35 kilos of silver bullion on Friday afternoon about three miles east of town on the border that an attempt was being made to smuggle it into the United States without paying custom duties on the Mexican side. Arnaldo Delgadillo was later arrested by Capt. Pablo Delgado and held for an investigation.

GO. E. REAN, Vice President  
E. W. RAYNER, Treasurer

## RADICALS END LONG VOYAGE

(Continued from page 1.)

In the Buford's dining room, where she was "an object for all eyes," instead of with her comrades.

Berkman is under contract to write for an American monthly publication a series of articles about former American prison wardens, among them Thomas Mott Osborne. He will also write a series of Russian sketches, he said.

Asked if the reds would labor or would continue their activities in the United States, Berkman replied they would be employed in mines but "naturally not participate in political matters." He declared he would form a "league of Russian friends of America," the efforts of which would be reciprocal. Those of the American friends of Russia. Of the latter organization, he said: "It has grown so rapidly, he said, that it has grown so rapidly that it is a member."

Dangerous Trip.

During the three day journey from Kiel to Hango the voyage was dangerous in the extreme because of the ice and the fact that the ship was moved by the German government.

An expert German pilot named Schmidt was in charge of the vessel, steering the ship in a zigzag course or turning sharp angles. Once he stopped during the night while the ship's chains around with a fearful sound. Matters became worse the second night out when a mysterious and mutilated wireless message was received and the ship was ordered to stop.

Officers of the Buford were exceedingly fatigued after their long voyage, storms having interfered with the vessel's progress. The ship is capable of making only nine knots in smooth water. This held back the destroyer which conveyed the vessel across the Atlantic.

The Bolsheviks on board had a monotonous life which was made more so by the fact that the ship was in the hands of the German government when they could not be given their daily exercise on deck. After the Buford left Kiel, however, the weather cleared up and the deportees were on deck for long periods.

Their greatest pleasure seemed to be singing "Red songs." The Buford was forbidden to hold meetings on deck, but made up for lost time when confined to their quarters at which time a secret captain harangued all within reach of his voice.

Superintendent Martin Berkman, in charge of the Buford, had to warn Berkman and Miss Goldman repeatedly that they were prisoners and not passengers or guests.

SOVIET ARK DISCIPLES MAY  
BE SENT "ROUTE OF DEATH"

Helsinki, Finland, Jan. 17.—Finnish authorities have informed the Soviet government of Russia of the plan to send Alexander Berkman, Emma Goldman and their comrades across the border, but no reply has as yet been received from the Bolsheviks.

The Finnish communication requested that the Bolshevik troops cease firing when the party makes its appearance.

The Russians deported from America will be placed on board loaded cars and taken to Terijoki about two miles from the frontier, accompanied by a Finnish military guard and a detachment of American marines. There are two ways of entering Soviet Russia. The first is across a bridge near Terijoki, where the Bolsheviks and Finnish lines are drawn along the banks of a little river. The other is further north toward Hango, where the respective lines are separated by a thick forest. The former is the more direct route, and if used, the Americans will enter Soviet territory. The other is known as "the route of death," owing to the large number of political prisoners who have been dispatched to the forest after having been deported.

People of Finland, acquainted with the history of deportations are keenly interested to learn which route will be chosen.

RADICALS RELEASED.

New York, Jan. 17.—Forty-two men and eight women arrested in recent raids on waterfront were released from Ellis island on bail Friday, making a total of 55 freed since Wednesday.

Liberty bonds deposited at the island totaled \$65,000, including \$18,000 bail in the case of Gregory Weinstein, "chief of staff" for Soviet ambassador Martens.

COMPROMISE RATIFICATION  
LEADS IN STUDENT BALLOT

New York, Jan. 17.—Advocates of ratification of the peace treaty by compromise headed the poll in the complete returns of the intercollegiate referendum. There is by a small majority voters who favored ratification without reservation or amendment. In 418 colleges and universities 129,788 votes were cast with the following results:

Compromise between the League and Democratic reservations, 49,443 votes; ratification without reservations, 48,321; ratification with League reservations, 27,570; opposition to the treaty in any form, 13,724.

DELEGATES TO RIDE FIRST  
THROUGH TRAIN TO MEXICO

New York, Jan. 17.—American delegates to a trade conference to be held at the American chamber of commerce in Mexico City February 11 to 13 will be carried on the first through limited train ever run from New York to the Mexican capital. The train will be routed to pick up delegates at Chicago, St. Louis, San Antonio and Laredo, Texas.

The conference will be a strictly business affair, having been initiated by American business men in Mexico.

SPANISH REPUBLICANS PLAN  
NEW INTERNATIONAL BANK

Madrid, Spain, Jan. 17.—The republican group in the chamber of deputies today introduced a bill under which the Spanish government will organize within one month an economic conference at Madrid at which all the states of Spanish origin in North Central and South America, as well as Portugal and the United States will be represented. The object of the conference is the foundation of an international bank whose first aim will be to regulate exchange between the countries represented at the conference.

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Ph. 550, 100 San Antonio.

## —Globe Store News Today and Monday

## January Clearing Sale In The Shoe Department

<p><b>SPECIAL</b></p> <p><b>CHILDREN'S SHOES</b></p> <p>Black with white tops; sizes to 1; \$2.50 value—</p> <p><b>\$1.95</b></p>	<p><b>SPECIAL</b></p> <p><b>GROWING GIRLS' SHOES</b></p> <p>Black with white tops; lace or button; \$2.50 value—</p> <p><b>\$2.98</b></p>	<p><b>SPECIAL</b></p> <p><b>INFANTS' FIRST STEP BLACK SHOES</b></p> <p>\$2.00 value—</p> <p><b>\$1.49</b></p>	<p><b>SPECIAL</b></p> <p><b>WOMEN'S BOOTS</b></p> <p>White, gray, tan, brown; values to \$5.00—</p> <p><b>\$4.95</b></p>	<p><b>SPECIAL</b></p> <p><b>WOMEN'S BLACK KID 9-IN. BOOTS</b>, made of fine soft kid, high leather Louis heels. You never saw a shoe in these times of this character, values to \$5.00, at this price, special—</p> <p><b>\$5.95</b></p>	<p><b>SPECIAL</b></p> <p><b>CHILDREN'S SHOES OF SOFT KID, PATENT LEATHER</b>, or calf skin on dressy lasts, all black or colored tops; spring heel styles; turn soles; sizes to 9. \$2.50 values, pr.</p> <p><b>\$2.75</b></p>	<p><b>SPECIAL</b></p> <p><b>INFANTS' FIRST STEP SHOES</b> of fine glazed kid in white or black; turned soles, \$2.50 values, Clearing Price, the pair—</p> <p><b>\$1.95</b></p>	<p><b>SPECIAL</b></p> <p><b>SPECIAL LOT OF SHOES FOR WOMEN</b>, made of vicid kid, patent leather or gun metal. Louis or Cuban heels, sizes to 9, and values to \$5.00. January Clearing Price, the pair—</p> <p><b>\$2.98</b></p>	<p><b>SPECIAL</b></p> <p><b>WOMEN'S BOOTS</b></p> <p>Black, gray and combinations; \$7 values—</p> <p><b>\$3.95</b></p>	<p><b>SPECIAL</b></p> <p><b>SPATS</b></p> <p>Fashionable colors—</p> <p><b>\$1.98</b></p>
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**—Clearing of Men's Shoes**

MEN'S semi-dress shoes of gun metal and tan leathers, in button or lace styles. Shoes that are worth easily \$7.00, the pair January Clearing Sales.

**\$4.95**

MEN'S HIGH GRADE DRESS SHOES of fine glazed kid in black or golden brown. Made on sensible round toe or dressy English lasts. Values up to \$12.50, January Clearing Sales, a pair—

**\$7.95**

MEN'S MAHOGANY BROWN GLAZED kid shoes. Made on snappy English or straight lasts. Just the sort of a shoe that particular men like. \$15.00 values, January Clearing Sales, a pair—

**\$9.85**

McCall's Spring "Quarterly" and February Patterns Are In.

FOR ALL DEPT'S

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